

Results, Fifth Annual ARRL UHF Contest

By Mark J. Wilson,* AA2Z

The 1982 ARRL UHF Contest, held the weekend of August 7-8, played host to a rather radical departure from the traditional scoring system. The system used this year rewards QSOs made over greater distances with greater QSO-point values and is sometimes called RANGE scoring. This idea, implemented at the direction of the ARRL Ad Hoc Committee on VHF/UHF Contesting, was introduced into the UHF Contest on a trial basis. Based on the results of the August contest, the Committee will be able to assess the merits of using a RANGE scoring system in future uhf contests, as well as in other ARRL-sponsored vhf/uhf operating activities. The RANGE scoring concept was introduced by the Ramapo Mountain ARC in their Spring VHF/UHF QSO Party, held last March.

Table 1 shows the top five overall scores, both for single-operator and multioperator stations, for the 1982 contest. For comparison, we've also calculated what the scores of these stations would have been using last year's scoring method. The results are interesting; the order of the top five stations in each class changes, with stations farther away from the population centers benefiting from the new system.

Although the total number of logs received this year was down from last year (128 vs. 156), overall activity was up, as witnessed by increased QSO and multiplier totals. A peek at Table 2 shows that the average number of multipliers worked on each band was up significantly from last year.

WA3RMX of the K7AUO group passed along a description of the system he designed

for their 48-GHz QSO. We thought it might be of interest, so here goes:

A major accomplishment this year was our first activity on the 48-50 GHz (6-mm) band. The transmitter is a 10-GHz surplus radar Gunn oscillator tuned down to 9.74 GHz with about 35-mW out, which drives a tuned waveguide multiplier, which multiplies by five to get 48.7

GHz at an estimated 1.5-mW out. A varactor was added to the Gunn oscillator for tuning, and FM modulation on transmit. For receive, the transmit system is used as the local oscillator, with the multiplier diode itself serving as the receive mixer. A dual-conversion i-f system with a threshold extension phase-locked demodulator and afc was specially designed to make the most of weak signals. W7ADV and WB7UNU spent much

Table 2
Multiplier Leaders

220 MHz		432 MHz		1296 MHz		W1JR		10 GHz	
W2SZ/1*	34	K8WW	51	W2SZ/1*	21	W6OAL*	3	W2SZ/1*	9
VE3LNX*	26	W2SZ/1*	46	K8WW	17	K7UUH*	2	K7AUO*	5
WB8BKC	23	K2UYH	43	K2UYH	16			W1TKZ*	3
W6OAL*	22	WA2WVL	36	W2VC	14	3400 MHz			
VE3CRU	21	W3GNR/3*	35	WA8TXT	14	W2SZ/1*	7	24 GHz	
WA2SNA*	21	WB8BKC	35	K1PXE	12	K7AUO*	6	WA3RMX/7	1
W3GNR/3*	21	W3OZ	33	WA2WVL	11	K7UUH*	2	K7AUO*	1
W1VD*	20	W2VC	30	WA2SNA*	11	WA3RMX/7	1	48 GHz	
K1PXE	19	WB9SNR	30	W3IY/4	11	W7TYR*	1	WA3RMX/7	1
WA8TXT	19	K1PXE	29	W3GNR/3*	10	5700 MHz			
WD8ISK	18	W3IP	29	2300 MHz		K7AUO*	6	K7AUO*	1
K9KFR	17	WA2SNA*	28	W2SZ/1*	8	WA3RMX/7	1	*multioperator stations	
		W3IY/4	28	K7AUO*	6	K7UUH*	1		

Table 1
Comparison of Top Scores Using Old Method and New Method

Call	Old Method Score	New Method Score
Single Operator		
K8WW	26,910	126,477
K2UYH	28,728	98,847
WA8TXT	22,500	93,960
WB8BKC	21,735	93,366
K1PXE	27,180	79,740
Multioperator		
W2SZ/1	117,000	392,250
W3GNR/3	15,642	94,050
WA2SNA	31,320	89,100
VE3LNX	17,877	66,729
W1VD	15,840	46,656



WA6VNN, WB6HOZ, WB6OUZ and WA6MBZ of the Santa Barbara ARC (K6TZ) again set up operations on the top of Diablo Peak on Santa Cruz Island. The entire operation utilized solar power.

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time carefully duplicating these critical i-f systems from the prototype. Special thanks to W7TYR for his work scrounging up the surplus waveguide parts and other parts needed for this project.

This is the first time a group on the West Coast has submitted a 48-GHz QSO on their logs. The first 48-GHz contest QSO in our records was made during the June 1982 ARRL VHF QSO Party by the W2SZ/1 group.

Very few entrants bothered to note their best DX in miles, so it's pointless to put together our usual "Best DX" list. Also, the change in the scoring structure makes the listing of new Division records meaningless.

A few administrative notes: The scoring system for this contest is a bit more complicated than for other contests. More than half of the entrants did not use the official ARRL summary sheet with their logs, in many cases making our job more difficult by leaving out vital information. All it takes to get the right forms is an s.a.s.e. to ARRL Hq. Also, some people had trouble figuring out the scoring. If you ever have any questions on scoring procedures, give the Contest Branch at ARRL Hq. a call, or drop us a line. We're always happy to help get you on the right track — it just makes our job easier in the end.

If you have any suggestions or comments on vhf/uhf contest rules, drop the Ad Hoc Com-

mittee a line via Hq. They're always looking for ideas. Certificates will be in the mail around December 15. Until next year. . .

SOAPBOX

10 watts + 10 elements = 10 grid blocks on 432! Somebody must be feeding strange compounds to their preamps (WA3YON). The big news this year is the 48-GHz (6-mm) band operation WA3RMX/K7AUO. The distance possible with low power and poor antennas on 432 is unbelievable (K7CW/5). Not enough activity to the east on 220. Surprised that my 10 W on 432 worked out so well. Got pretty excited when I worked W2PQC on 1296. I with only 1.2 W at the transmitter and about 300 mW at the antenna (K8MD). This contest would have been a real drag without the grid squares and points system (KJ8J). The distance points sure added a nice twist to the contest. Lots of new stations that were not on last year showed up in the log. Wish that the maximum point limit was about 15, to include all minor enhancements on the bands. The 1 X 1 degree grids make great multipliers (W0OHU). Again this year I made the trek to the forests, hills and mountains of eastern Oregon. Over 600 miles of jeep trails, cow paths, and even some two-lane blacktop, allowed me to operate from five grids. The trip was not uneventful, requiring two stops to clear fallen trees, and another to fill in a mud hole, and yet another to herd range cattle off the road. Band conditions were not as good as in years past, but most contacts were completed. Better coordination helped speed things up, while improved equipment should help make things bigger and better next year. All in all, the DXpedition for the 'AUO group and other stations in the northwest was deemed a success (K7RUN/K7AUO).

Lost my antennas to ice two weeks before the contest. Guess I didn't do too badly with my temporary antennas. This RANGE scoring isn't as easy as it looks. The first three times I calculated my score, I got three different answers (WASVJB). The new point system for contacts is much more equitable than the old system. Equal band multipliers for 220 and 432 is probably a mistake, as it tends to keep people on 220 (W3OZ). With all those new 220-MHz rigs around, there should have been more activity (W7AZU). I know that I could have made lots more contacts on 1296 if I had a rotor on the dish (WB8BK). We gained about 5 dB of TX power on 1296 by best mounting the transverter and single 2C39 amplifier. The difference was quite noticeable. We used a stripline 2C39 amp, as the cavity amp proved to be too unstable with temperature changes. . . The new RANGE scoring system sure produces some BIG scores. It will be interesting to see how scores from different geographic locations compare (W3GNR/3). I totally enjoyed the relaxed quality of this contest. . . My only reservation is the scoring system. I don't expect to become more than a casual observer of these events if the rules require this level of numerical bookkeeping and computation for every QSO. I can't help thinking that the next logical (?) step will be to divide the country into circles as soon as someone discovers that the NE, SW, etc. path is longer than the N, E, S and W paths in a square system. Vhf contests should be a test of operator skill, equipment and conditions, not an arcade game of big scores. Pseudo-methods of making the operator think that he accomplished more than he really has will not sustain activity on the vhf bands as much as improved equipment and operator skill (WA3NUF). I rather like the new scoring system. Glad to see distance worked finally counts for something (WB9SNR). Finally broke the 9-QSO barrier on 1296 after five contest tries (VE3CRU).

Scores List:

Call sign, total score, QSOs, multipliers, bands operated (C = 220 MHz, D = 432 MHz, E = 1296 MHz, F = 2.3 GHz, G = 3.4 GHz, H = 5.7 GHz, I = 10 GHz, J = 24 GHz, K = 48 GHz, L = light) and ARRL section. Example: VE3CRU had a total score of 60,390 with 25 QSOs and 21 multipliers on 220 MHz, 41 QSOs and 26 multipliers on 432 MHz, and 12 QSOs and 8 multipliers on 1296 MHz. He is located in the Ontario Section.

Division	Call Sign	Score	QSOs	Multipliers	Bands
Canadian Division	VE3CRU	60,390	25	21	C-ON
	VE3LNX (+VE3ADJ)	66,729	32	26	C-ON
	W3IP	46,800	20	14	C-MDC
	W2WVL	36,918	46	36	D-WNY
	W3OZ	27,720	75	33	D-MDC
	W3NZZ	24,990	6	2	C-MDC
	W2EIF	19,992	22	12	C-SNJ
	W3CXU/2	14,496	16	12	C-SNJ
	W2RVX	12,615	17	10	C-SNJ
	W3ZZ	10,872	47	24	D-MDC
Atlantic Division	W3LJK	840	33	20	D-MDC
	W3YON	5820	12	10	C-EPA
	N3BHS	4860	15	6	C-EPA
	K4CHE/3	4788	16	9	C-DE
	WA2ABN	3906	23	14	D-WNY
	W3ETB	3552	7	5	C-EPA
	W3CL	2700	16	5	C-EPA
	KS2T	2604	24	10	C-SNJ
	WA3NUF	1872	5	4	C-EPA
	WA2OMY (AA2Z, opr.)	117	9	1	D-EPA
Central Division	W3GNR/3 (+K3PS, KA3DWR, W3GNR, WA3s FFC, JBV)	94,050	27	21	C-WPA
	W3GNR	53	35	D	
	W3GNR	13	10	E	
	WB9SNR	52,479	17	13	C-IL
	K9KFR	34,866	25	17	C-IN
	N9BWB	2562	23	9	C-IN
	WD9EME	1368	9	6	C-IN
	KB9NM	567	2	2	C-WI
	WB9NTL	483	5	3	C-IN
	K9XY	255	2	1	C-WI
Dakota Division	W0OHU	3648	21	16	D-MN
	W0VB (+W0RGU)	2745	7	6	C-MN
	KC9P (+KA9CRO)	6	1	1	C-MN
	AA4ZZ	6732	20	6	C-TN
	WA4QYK	1584	5	5	C-TN
	W5UKQ	1008	12	6	D-LA
	K5MWH	690	6	3	D-AR
	W5UCY	81	3	3	D-MS
	WD4DGF	63	4	3	D-TN
	K8WW	126,477	1	1	C-OH
Delta Division	WA8TXT	93,960	25	19	C-OH
	WB8BK	93,366	35	23	C-MI
	W8DJY	38,880	24	16	C-OH
	WA8VDP	25,080	18	14	C-MI
	KC4EG	11,340	10	7	C-KY
	K8DIO	11,040	42	23	D-OH
	K8MD	9315	16	10	C-MI
	W8IAU	7800	32	20	D-OH
	K8DW	6237	11	9	C-OH
	W8ZCO	5049	12	7	C-MI
Great Lakes Division	W8EJU	3318	8	6	C-MI
	WB8KAY	2046	20	11	D-MI
	WB8TG	342	7	6	C-MI
	WD8ISK (+WA8LX, J)	22,002	30	18	C-OH
	W8IAU	7800	32	20	D-OH
	K8DW	6237	11	9	C-OH
	W8ZCO	5049	12	7	C-MI
	W8EJU	3318	8	6	C-MI
	WB8KAY	2046	20	11	D-MI
	WB8TG	342	7	6	C-MI
Hudson Division	K2UYH	98,847	6	4	C-NNJ
	W1TKZ (K1s TK, UR, WA1PQV, oprs.)	30,186	15	11	C-VT
	W1WXT	1170	16	10	C-EM
	N1BC	648	14	9	D-EM
	K8UR/1	399	11	7	D-EM
	KL7WE/1	135	5	3	D-DE
	W2SZ/1 (AG1M, WA1WTC, WB1CBH, AG2X, K2MM, W2ARQ, WA2s AAU, GFF, SPL, WB2s PKO, GC1, WA8USA, oprs.)	392,250	72	36	C-WM
	W1VUD (+K1JX, K1ZZ, WA1STO)	46,656	41	20	C-CT
	W1TQ	1170	16	10	C-EM
	W1TKZ (K1s TK, UR, WA1PQV, oprs.)	30,186	15	11	C-VT
Midwest Division	W0TEM	819	3	3	C-IA
	K80KM	432	7	6	D-MO
	W0RT	345	3	2	C-KS
	K1PXE	79,740	37	19	C-CT
	WB1CJT	32,103	27	16	C-NH
	K2LNS/1	27,063	16	10	C-ME
	W1JR	15,042	25	14	C-EMA
	K1VYU	5457	35	17	D-CT
	WA1WXV	4914	6	5	C-CT
	W1AIW/1	4674	15	8	C-VT
New England Division	W1UQC	4294	20	10	C-CT
	W1FAJ	2784	12	7	C-CT
	W1GXT	1170	16	10	C-EM
	N1BC	648	14	9	D-EM
	K8UR/1	399	11	7	D-EM
	KL7WE/1	135	5	3	D-DE
	W2SZ/1 (AG1M, WA1WTC, WB1CBH, AG2X, K2MM, W2ARQ, WA2s AAU, GFF, SPL, WB2s PKO, GC1, WA8USA, oprs.)	392,250	72	36	C-WM
	W1VUD (+K1JX, K1ZZ, WA1STO)	46,656	41	20	C-CT
	W1TQ	1170	16	10	C-EM
	W1TKZ (K1s TK, UR, WA1PQV, oprs.)	30,186	15	11	C-VT
Northwestern Division	W7TYR	5265	19	13	C-OR
	K7HSJ	2499	17	6	C-OR
	K7KOT	864	3	4	C-WA
	WA3RMX/7	525	1	1	C-OR
	KK7B	414	2	1	C-WA
	W7AZU	6	2	1	C-WA
	K7AUO (WA3RMX, W7s ADV, UDM, WB7CDQ, oprs.)	28,779	26	12	C-OR
	W6UQH	2190	15	4	D-SCV
	W6GCHL	1512	19	5	D-EB
	AJ6T	372	19	4	D-SCV
Pacific Division	W3IY/4	72,105	27	16	C-VA
	K4QIF	22,848	38	21	D-VA
	K4CAW	12,900	40	25	D-NC
	K4LHB	12,600	19	11	C-VA
	K0RI/4	3621	16	11	C-VA
	N4CD	2592	17	12	D-VA
	WA4LDU	1110	11	10	D-SC
	KJBJ	735	10	7	D-WV
	WA4WZQ/4 (Multiop)	5985	10	6	C-NC
	W4ISS	2196	17	12	D-GA
Roanoke Division	W4ODW	1230	2	2	C-NFL
	W4MBK	720	10	8	D-GA
	W4CQG	450	5	4	C-AL
	AC6C	6360	32	8	C-LAX
	N6DBA	1242	35	6	C-LAX
	K2DNR/7	480	8	4	D-AZ
	K1VOW	300	3	3	E-AZ
	W6OAL (+K6HXW, WB6YQN)	36,660	59	22	C-SBAR
	K6TZ (WA6s MBZ, VNN, WB6s HOZ, OUZ, oprs.)	14,250	72	11	C-SBAR
	KD6R (+WB6OKK)	924	8	6	C-SDGO
Southwestern Division	W5UWB	1026	6	3	D-STX
	W5AFY	405	6	3	D-NTX
	K7CW/5	288	8	6	D-OK
	W5NZS	108	4	3	D-OK
	W5LUA (+WA5TKU)	29,502	12	7	C-NTX
	W5UWB	1026	6	3	D-STX
	W5AFY	405	6	3	D-NTX
	K7CW/5	288	8	6	D-OK
	W5NZS	108	4	3	D-OK
	W5LUA (+WA5TKU)	29,502	12	7	C-NTX
West Gulf Division	W5UWB	1026	6	3	D-STX
	W5AFY	405	6	3	D-NTX
	K7CW/5	288	8	6	D-OK
	W5NZS	108	4	3	D-OK
	W5LUA (+WA5TKU)	29,502	12	7	C-NTX
	W5UWB	1026	6	3	D-STX
	W5AFY	405	6	3	D-NTX
	K7CW/5	288	8	6	D-OK
	W5NZS	108	4	3	D-OK
	W5LUA (+WA5TKU)	29,502	12	7	C-NTX
DXpeditions	K7UJH (+W7UNU) (5 Locations)	3432	7	4	C-OR/WA
	K7RUN (5 Locations)	1890	10	8	C-OR
	Checklogs				
	WA3JUF, KA4EJQ, WA6OYS				